# Set daylight sensors, motion and presence sensors correctly

The lighting control is equipped with a motion and presence sensor or a daylight sensor – but the light does not switch off, even though sufficient daylight is available and nobody is present in the room.

#### Action

Set the daylight setpoint and the after-run time so that the lighting switches off as soon as the incoming daylight is sufficient or as soon as nobody is present in the room.

#### Requirement

The lighting control must have a motion sensor, presence sensor and/or daylight sensor.

#### What to do

#### 1. Set the daylight setpoint correctly

- Measure the illumination level with a lux meter and compare it to the recommended values (see overleaf).
- Gradually reduce the lux setpoint on the sensor
  (A) until the lighting switches off at the recommended value.

### 2. Set the correct after-run time for the presence sensor

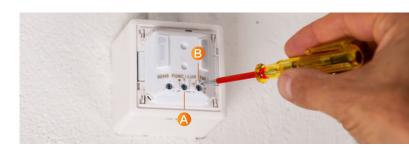
Set the time on the sensor (B) (for recommended after-run times, see overleaf).

#### 3. Pay attention to the coverage area

The motion or presence sensor should be set so that people are detected within the desired radius. The switched luminaire must not be located within the sensor's coverage area. The sensor should be at least 1 metre away from the object – i.e. the person to be detected.

#### 4. Observe and correct

Pay attention to complaints and correct the set values as necessary.



#### Costs - effort

- A lux meter measures the illumination level.
  Simple meters cost about CHF 100 from mailorder electronics vendors.
- Your own labour per room: 10 to 20 minutes.

#### Please note!

- Record every adjustment of the setpoints in writing.
- If there is no scaling on the controllers, a photograph of the setting is helpful; it is best to print and store this photograph.
- Safety: in areas where there is a risk of falling (e.g. staircases, ramps), the daylight setpoint should only be reduced to an extent that ensures compliance with the recommended illumination levels (100 to 150 lux).
- Install presence sensors in protected locations with unimpeded visibility. The coverage area is limited by objects such as glass partitions and furnishings.
- The installation height influences the sensor's coverage area. As the installation height increases, the range also increases but the sensitivity of detection decreases sharply.



## Additional explanations

#### Recommended illumination levels

Depending on the room and how it is used, different illumination levels are recommended to create optimal working and usage conditions. The illumination level is measured in lux.

Room, usage type	Illumination level, lux	Room,
Offices, administration		Cater
Reception, simple work	300	Kitche
Office, PC, workstations, meeting rooms	500	Resta
Office, storage/filing areas	300	Self-s
Hospitals, care homes		Buffet
Waiting rooms and common rooms	200	Cold s
Service rooms	500	Schoo
Treatment rooms, operating theatres	1000	Classi
Patients' rooms, recovery rooms	100	Lectur art/dra
Patients' rooms, lighting for reading	300	Teach readin
Therapy rooms, gymnastics and massage rooms	300	Librar
Medicinal baths	300	Librar
Laboratories and sterilisation rooms	500	Gymn

Room, usage type	Illumination level, lux	
Catering outlets, canteen/refectory		
Kitchen, utility/laundry room, linen room	500	
Restaurant, dining rooms	200	
Self-service facility, office	500	
Buffet, counter	300	
Cold stores	100	
Schools		
Classrooms	500	
Lecture halls, laboratory rooms, art/drawing rooms, workshops	500	
Teaching rooms, law office, other offices, reading positions	500	
Libraries, bookcases	200	
Libraries, reading areas	300	
Gymnasiums/sports halls, lighting class III	200-300	

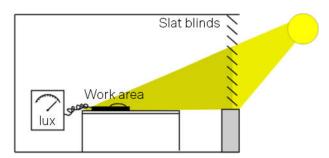
#### Recommended after-run times

The after-run time eliminates the annoyance of the lamp being switched on and off, and protects the lighting equipment.

- FL lamps, energy-saving lamps: 5 to 10 minutes
- LED lamps: 2 to 5 minutes

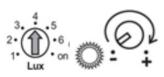
#### Determine the illumination level

With slat blinds, you can allow enough daylight to enter on a fine day by adjusting the slats so the appropriate illumination level is present at the workplace. Measure this with the lux meter.



#### Explanations of the symbols

Every manufacturer uses a slightly different designation for the potentiometers used to set the values. The most frequent symbols are:



**Daylight sensor:** can be identified by the word "lux" or the sun symbol.



After-run time: can be identified by the word TIME or the clock symbol.

#### **Additional information**

- Technical book: "Light in the home energy-efficient lighting", www.faktor.ch
- Efficient lighting for small businesses